## WOOD, HERRON & EVANS, LLP.

JOHN D. POFFENBERGER BRUCE TITTEL DONALD F. FREI DAVID J. JOSEPHIC DAVID S. STALLARD , ROBERT CHAMBERS GREGORY J. LUNN KURT L. GROSSMAN CLEMENT H. LUKEN, JR. THOMAS J. BURGER GREGORY F. AHRENS WAYNE L. JACOBS KURT A. SUMME KEVIN G. ROONEY KEITH R. HAUPT THEODORE R. REMAKLUS THOMAS W. HUMPHREY

SCOTT A. STINEBRUNER

DAVID H. BRINKMAN

OF COUNSEL THOMAS W. FLYNN 2700 CAREW TOWER

441 VINE STREET

**CINCINNATI, OHIO 45202-2917** 

TELEPHONE: 513-241-2324

FACSIMILE: 513-241-6234

EMAIL: info@whepatent.com

PATENT, TRADEMARK, COPYRIGHT AND UNFAIR COMPETITION LAW AND RELATED LITIGATION

> EDMUND P. WOOD 1923-1968 TRUMAN A. HERRON 1935-1976 EDWARD B. EVANS 1936-1971

> > February 10, 2004

2/7/4 JOSEPH R. JORDAN C. RICHARD EBY DAVID E. PRITCHARD

J. DWIGHT POFFENBERGER, JR.
BEVERLY A. LYMAN, Ph.D.
KATHRYN E. SMITH
KRISTI L. DAVIDSON
P. ANDREW BLATT, Ph.D.
DAVID E. JEFFERIES
WILLIAM R. ALLEN, Ph.D.
JOHN PAUL DAVIS
DOUGLAS A. SCHOLER
BRETT A. SCHATZ
DAVID W. DORTON
G. PRABHAKAR REDDY
LARRY D. MOORE
SARAH OTTE GRABER
WESLEY L. STRICKLAND\*
STEVEN W. BENINTENDI, Ph.D.

TECHNICAL ADVISOR
HENRY M. LABODA, Ph.D.
\*ADMITTED ONLY IN D.C. AND VA

03-AP-426

Mr. Peter G. McCabe Secretary, Committee on Rules of Practice and Procedure Administrative Office of the United States Courts Washington, D.C. 20544

Re: Comment on Proposed Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 32.1

Dear Mr. McCabe:

I am a former Law Clerk/Technical Advisor to the Hon. Helen W. Nies (deceased) of the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. I write to express my views on the adoption of proposed Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 32.1. I am aware that some of my fellow former clerks have expressed opposition to the proposed Rule. I am also aware that the Federal Circuit Judges have expressed their opposition. I have a different view.

I submit that non-precedential opinions should be citable with at least the same dignity as an article written by lawyers in the field, for example. One might well argue, "if a Judge wrote it, then an advocate should be able to cite it." I do not agree with the fears expressed by some that allowing such citation will adversely affect the quality of justice. Rather, I think it will improve justice to allow citation of judicial decisions, even if they are not "binding" (indeed, one questions how any court could be permitted to render a decision that combines law and facts and then act as if the decision had never happened). If a Court took the time to write it, why should it be less citable than an article by non-judges and which also has no binding precedential stare decisis value? Precluding the decision from being "binding" will obviate the Federal Circuit's concern that their own rules preclude a panel from overruling an earlier panel on the law (in fact, some might say that the use of non-precedential opinions encourages the very practice the Court seeks to avoid).

That is where I would draw the middle ground. Non-precedential decisions are citable, but not as binding precedent, but for the same value that may be derived from the statements of others on the topic.

Thank you for your time and consideration of these comments.

Wirt I Grossman